

# Processing 14<sup>th</sup> century Dutch text through Clarin, Step 1: Adelheid

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# Overview

## Topic

- Clarin NL demonstrator project
- Tagging and lemmatizing historical text

## Structure

- Introduction to task
- Tagging-lemmatization system
- Annotation tool
- Potential uses

# Adelheid: Task

Conci allen hiden dat dy lantiercine del weeghe en lande herte hinsaerme meeste van der prachien  
van sente gheue pubuerde kunnen dat dy antien hebbe chins der me schoef ms sepeno binante  
om bruegham vnlucttan Anten jns dachet was om stroembeke die te bruegham yn sente jans  
hof waent den hinsaerde hofstat yn aldiere memeren dat gheleghen es yn de prachien van houtenbeke  
nenen jans bastaerts hof. En wort meer noch een dachwant en vnu en twentech huuden lants  
luct meer oft men. Welckant hent gan vanden perreghele dat gheleghen es op dat minne  
sude neren jans meysa lant en in dander fide nenen jan traestalant. En syn hier tuc comen bi  
meyghen sneyere en bi vnsome der sepenen ghelyc dat de sepenen tre spret diere op  
ghemact es en die dy re ons veert hebbie. Wout dat dy hinsaerme meesteren ghenaept  
ghelouen vor ons en voore ense natcomelinghe als van der verseide hinsaerme weghe  
Raistertan van stroembeke lyst voore ghenoept inde kerke van sente goedelen voerke erster  
twentech stollinghe dorfghelte altoes te her sonode te betachte ten wile te hulpe dienen den  
gheney gheest te drukken die ronken he ghelewest hebben / met sellen condicien waert also  
dat die waren ghenaepte gaet en gheerde oft af name in dreyer memere. sadat wy den som  
met overghen en condensand dese vorst kerke oost en staide hulpen gheden en drachten na  
na do gracie van den seindie siere jaerter op herst altoes sonden en gheleist / En ome dat die  
wout en ghescrede blinen salghelte dat waren bescreuen tre schelten van hinsaerme gepte  
waren ghenaept enser hinsaerme ghehalde dese tre ghehanghen in kynnen dorwaerheit  
Die was ghedien mit ghetont hen als men spreft. az. cit. sess. en festech. xxij dage  
de maent van januarij.

# Adelheid: Task

## Input: Transcription

*C108p39304 Blok862 gecollationeerd.280394.HD*

wy borghermestere ende raet van groninghen bekennen ende betughen met  
dezen openen breue dat vor ons quam ghelmer storm ende becande dat hie heft  
vercoft rodetiden vyertyendehalf gras landes met al horen to behoren vor ene  
summe gheldes de ghelmer vorseit vol ende al betaelt js ende deze vy  
ertyendehalf gras landes vorseit droech ghelmer vorseit vp rodetiden vorseit  
ende sinen erfghenamen vrij ende quiit met allen rechte ende eghendome  
eweliken to bruken ende to besitten dit vorseide land js gheleghen in lywerder  
wolt vp de noerd zide van den wolt graue daer viif grase landes van gheleghen ziin  
by rodetiden erue vorseit dat an de oester zide leghet ende viif graze landes daer  
tette mellens erue by gheleghen js an de oester zide ende vyerdehalf gras landes  
an de noerd zide van den vorseiden viif grases daer een sloet en tuschen gaet dat  
or kunde wy met onser stad seghel . ghegheuen jnt jaer ons heren dusent  
drehondert dre ende neghentich vp sente nycholaus auond do wicbolt euerdes  
euerd sickinc johan van den berghe ende jacob schelleghen borghermestere waren  
onser stad

# Adelheid: Task

## Annotation: tags and lemmas

- modern lemmas
- tags from a reasonably complex tagset
  - based on corpus van Reenen – Mulder
  - 184 **basic** tags, plus **combination** tags for enclitic forms

Token	Tag	Lemma
och	Conj(coord)	of
en	Adv(neg)	en
betalden	V(fin,past,lex,formn)	betalen
tesen	Adp()+Pron(dem,formn)	te+deze
vorsprokene	Adj(formn)	voorgesproken
tide	N(sing,forme)	tijd
.	Punc(ip)	.

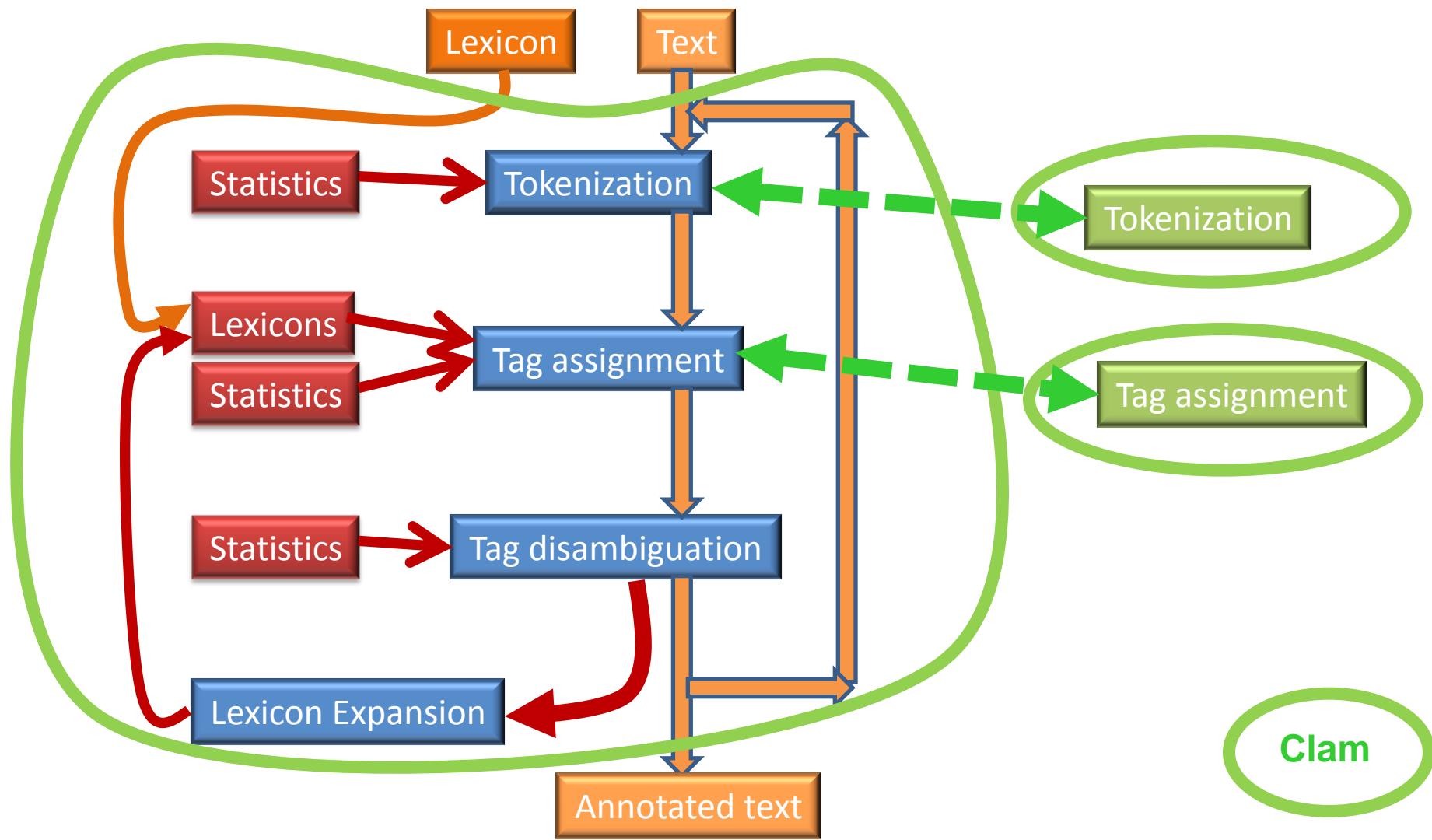
# Adelheid: Special Difficulties

- Why not use “normal” existing systems?
  - Not able to properly process older Dutch
  - Assume standardized
    - Spacing
    - Punctuation
    - Spelling
  - None of these are present, thus causing problems
  - Adelheid does provide needed functionality

# T-L System: Initial State

- Tagger-Lemmatizer system was available
  - As laboratory experiment
  - On personal laptop
  - Consisting of
    - 5 larger systems
    - 29 smaller Perl, Awk, Sed scripts
    - Controlled by a shell script
  - Using ad hoc data formats
  - Not very documented
- So operational, but not really re-usable

# T-L System: New Architecture



# T-L System: Final State

- System now available
  - Through Clarin infrastructure
  - More efficient
  - Consisting of
    - One Perl program ( $\pm 5000$  lines)
    - Calling 5 larger external systems
  - Using XML data formats
  - With user manuals, incl. Demonstration scenarios
- Usable by any user without needing us

# Annotation tool: Need

- Example of the output

```
<token Tform="dese" Tag="Pron(dem,forme)" Lemma="deze" Tpos="1/25-28" Mform="dese" Aform="dese" Src="sys" Conf="0.7287">
  <tlp ATag="Pron(dem,forme)" ALemma="deze" AProb="0.7287"></tlp>
  <tlp ATag="Art(def,forme)" ALemma="deze" AProb="0.2190"></tlp>
  <tlp ATag="N(prop,forme)" ALemma="dieze" AProb="0.0523"></tlp>
</token>
<sep Tpos="1/29" Msep="True" Mform="" Tsep="True" Asep="True" Src="sys" Conf="0.9992"></sep>
<token Tform="letteren" Tag="N(plu,formn)" Lemma="letter" Tpos="1/29-36" Mform="lett_en" Aform="letteren" Src="sys" Conf="0.6636">
  <tlp ATag="N(plu,formn)" ALemma="letter" AProb="0.6636"></tlp>
  <tlp ATag="N(sing,formn)" ALemma="letter" AProb="0.3364"></tlp>
</token>
<sep Tpos="1/37" Msep="True" Mform="" Tsep="True" Asep="True" Src="sys" Conf="0.9994"></sep>
<token Tform="selen" Tag="V(fin,pres,aux_cop,formn)" Lemma="zullen" Tpos="1/37-41" Mform="selen" Aform="selen" Src="sys" Conf="0.6776">
  <tlp ATag="V(fin,pres,aux_cop,formn)" ALemma="zullen" AProb="0.6776"></tlp>
  <tlp ATag="V(infin)" ALemma="zellen" AProb="0.0943"></tlp>
  <tlp ATag="N(prop,forms)" ALemma="seel" AProb="0.0786"></tlp>
  <tlp ATag="V(fin,pres,aux_cop)+Pron(pers,3,sing)" ALemma="zullen+hij" AProb="0.0691"></tlp>
  <tlp ATag="N(plu,formn)" ALemma="ziel" AProb="0.0321"></tlp>
  <tlp ATag="N(prop,formn)" ALemma="seel" AProb="0.0269"></tlp>
  <tlp ATag="N(sing,formn)" ALemma="ziel" AProb="0.0182"></tlp>
  <tlp ATag="N(prop,formn)" ALemma="zelle" AProb="0.0031"></tlp>
</token>
```

# Annotation tool: Provided

- Dedicated tool for
  - Visualization
  - Adjusting annotation
  - Details below
- Also accessible through Clarin infrastructure
- Tool built by Edia in Amsterdam

# Annotation tool: Functionality

- Up- and downloading annotation files
- Selecting manuscripts for processing

The screenshot shows the 'Documents in your workspace' section. It lists five XML files with their corresponding download links:

Document	Action
<a href="#">drnt2.xml</a>	<a href="#">download</a>
<a href="#">adelheid0a.xml</a>	<a href="#">download</a>
<a href="#">klein_atl.xml</a>	<a href="#">download</a>
<a href="#">Ordel1399p_atl.xml</a>	<a href="#">download</a>
<a href="#">Ordel1399q_atl.xml</a>	<a href="#">download</a>

At the bottom, there is a button labeled '+ Upload a document to your workspace...'. The top of the interface has a dark header bar and a title 'ts.html'.

The screenshot shows the 'Choose manuscript to edit' screen. A dropdown menu is open with the placeholder 'select a manuscript to edit...'. Below it, two manuscripts are listed:

Manuscript	Text Preview
I222p33701.SBH43.1123.Schelle.PLUS	<a href="#">Edit this manuscript</a> det sacont FOURTH FIFTH ghenen SE VEN TH dese ...
K241p36401.Erens.Koyen.1137.Retie	<a href="#">Edit this manuscript</a> jan van lande wijc here~van ret~ye ridd~er ...

# Annotation tool: Functionality

- Seeing tokens, tags and lemmas: Text View

The screenshot shows a web-based annotation tool interface titled "Adelheid Editor > klein\_a...". The URL is [adelheid.edia.nl/adelheid-tagger/editor.html?documentId=klein\\_atl.xml&manuscriptId=1#](http://adelheid.edia.nl/adelheid-tagger/editor.html?documentId=klein_atl.xml&manuscriptId=1#). The interface has tabs for "text view" (which is selected) and "matrix view". The "text view" tab displays a grid of words, their parts of speech (tags), and their lemmas. The grid is organized into columns representing different linguistic features. The first column contains tokens like "dat", "si", "cont", etc. The second column contains tags like "Pron(dem)", "Pron(pers,3,plu)", "Adj()", etc. The third column contains lemmas like "zij", "letteren", "selen", etc. The grid continues with more rows and columns, showing a variety of words and their annotations. The bottom of the screen shows the Windows taskbar with icons for various applications.

dat	si	cont	alle	den	ghenen	die		
dat	zij	kond	al	de	geen	die		
Pron(dem)	Pron(pers,3,plu)	Adj()	Num(indef,forme)	Art(def,formn)	Pron(dem,formn)	Pron(rel,forme)		
dese	<b>letteren</b>	selen		sien	ochte	hoeren	lesen	dat
deze	letter	zeven		zien	of	horen	lezen	dat
Pron(dem,forme)	N(plu,formn)	V(fin,pres,aux_cop,formn)		V(infin)	Conj(coord)	V(infin)	V(infin)	Conj(subord)
gieliis	van	chicago	es	coemen		voere	ianne	van
aegidius	van	chicago	zijn	komen		voor	johannes	van
N(prop,forms)	Adp()	N(prop)	V(fin,pres,aux_cop)	V(participle,past,formn)		Adp()	N(prop,forme)	Adp()
den	vere	die	rechte	es		sanders	ians	
de	veer	die	rechter	zijn		alexander	johannes	
Art(def,formn)	N(prop,forme)	Pron(rel,forme)	N(sing,forme)	V(fin,pres,aux_cop)		N(prop,forms)	N(prop,forms)	
iacobs	ende	staes	wilen	ian	sanders	van	scelle	wittege
jacob	en	eustachius	wijlen	johannes	alexander	van	schelle	wettig
N(prop,forms)	Conj(coord)	N(prop,forms)	Adv(gener)	N(prop)	N(prop,forms)	Adp()	N(prop,forme)	Adj(forme)
kindere	waren		ende	voere	hare	late	die	
kind	zijn		en	voor	hun	laat	die	
N(plu,formr)	V(fin,past,aux_cop,formn)		Conj(coord)	Adp()	Pron(poss,forme)	N(plu,forme)	Pron(rel,forme)	
hier	nae	beschreven		staen		ende	heeft	
hier	na	beschrijven		staan		en	hebben	

# Annotation tool: Functionality

- Seeing tokens, tags and lemmas: Matrix View

The screenshot shows a web-based annotation tool interface titled "Adelheid Editor". The URL is "adelheid.edia.nl/adelheid-tagger/editor.html?documentId=klein\_atl.xml&manuscriptId=1#". The interface has tabs for "text view" and "matrix view", with "matrix view" currently selected. The main area displays a matrix table with columns: tform, tag, lemma, msep, tsep, asep, mform, tpos, src, conf, and match. The rows represent various tokens and their annotations. The table is color-coded with green and yellow cells. A "Filter:" input field is located at the top right of the table area. The bottom of the screen shows a Windows taskbar with icons for the Start button, Task View, File Explorer, and several open applications.

tform	tag	lemma	msep	tsep	asep	mform	tpos	src	conf	match
dat	Pron(dem)	dat				Dat	1/0-2	man	0.9000	
si	Pron(pers,3,plu)	zij				si	1/3-4	sys	0.4297	
cont	Adj()	kond				cont	1/5-8	sys	0.9443	
alle	Num(indef,forme)	al				alle	1/9-12	sys	0.9521	
den	Art(def,formn)	de				den	1/13-15	sys	0.7523	
ghenen	Pron(dem,formn)	geen				ghene_	1/16-21	sys	0.9094	
die	Pron(rel,forme)	die				die	1/22-24	sys	0.9041	
dese	Pron(dem,forme)	deze				dese	1/25-28	sys	0.9741	
letteren	N(plu,formn)	letter				lett_en	1/29-36	sys	0.7851	
selen	V(fin,pres,aux_cop,formn)	zeven				selen	1/37-41	man	0.9000	
sien	V(infin)	zien				sien	1/42-45	sys	0.9790	
ochte	Conj(coord)	of				ochte	1/46-50	sys	0.9917	
hoeren	V(infin)	horen				hoere_	1/51-56	sys	0.9405	
lesen	V(infin)	lezen				lesen	1/57-61	sys	0.9714	
dat	Conj(subord)	dat				dat	1/62-64	sys	0.8708	
gielis	N(prop,forms)	aegidius				Gieljs	1/65-71	sys	0.9999	
van	Adp()	van				van	1/72-74	sys	0.9683	
chicago	N(prop)	chicago				Ruisbroech	1/75-84	sys	0.7805	
es	V(fin,pres,aux_cop)	zijn				es	1/85-86	sys	0.9049	
coemen	V(participle,past,formn)	komen				coeme_	1/87-92	sys	0.9000	
voere	Adp()	voor				voere	1/93-97	sys	0.8956	
ianne	N(prop,forme)	johannes				janne	1/98-102	sys	1.0000	
van	Adp()	van				van	1/103-105	sys	0.9864	
			False	True	True		1/106	sys	0.8777	

# Annotation tool: Functionality

- Choosing alternative suggested annotation

The screenshot shows the Adelheid Editor interface in 'text view'. A tooltip is open over the word 'letteren', which is highlighted in yellow. The tooltip displays the current token information: 'letteren' (tag: N(plu,formn), lemma: letter, conf: 0.7851). Below the tooltip, a dropdown menu titled 'Alternative tags' lists three options:

- ATag = N(sing,formn), ALemma = letter, AProb = 0.2149
- apply any of the alternative tags ...
- ATag = N(plu,formn), ALemma = letter, AProb = 0.7851
- ATag = N(sing,formn), ALemma = letter, AProb = 0.2149

The bottom part of the interface shows a grid of words with their annotations, such as 'staan' (tag: V, lemma: staan) and 'heeft' (tag: V, lemma: hebben).

# Annotation tool: Functionality

- Entering annotation not suggested by system



# Annotation tool: Functionality

- Merging two (or more) tokens

<b>...die</b>	<b>hier</b>	<b>nae...</b>
previous token	current token	following token
<b>merge with previous</b>	lemma hier tag PronAdv(dem) conf 0.8310	<b>merge with following</b>

# Annotation tool: Functionality

- Splitting tokens into two (or more) parts

The screenshot shows a sequence of tokens: enae, staes, wiken, ian, sanders, van, scelle. The token 'ianne' is highlighted in yellow, indicating it is the current token being annotated. Below the tokens, three colored boxes categorize them: a green box for the previous token ('...ianne'), a yellow box for the current token ('vornomt'), and a pink box for the following token ('in...'). Underneath each box are four buttons: 'merge with previous', 'lemma voorgenomen', 'merge with following', and 'tag'. The 'tag' button for the current token shows 'Adj()' and a confidence score of 'conf 0.9952'. A modal window titled 'Split token' is open at the bottom left. It contains a text input field with 'vor homt' and a 'Split token' button. To the right of the input field is a note: 'Please type-in a space at the locations where you want to introduce splitting points.' Above the input field is another note: 'enter a new tag for current token.' with a dropdown menu and a '+ add new tag' button.

ende staes wiken ian sanders van scelle

...ianne **vornomt** in...

previous token current token following token

merge with previous lemma voorgenomen merge with following

tag Adj()  
conf 0.9952

Alternative tags

**Split token**

Please type-in a space at the locations where you want to introduce splitting points.

vor homt

Split token

enter a new tag for current token.

+ add new tag

# Annotation tool: Functionality

- Search for systematic corrections

dat\+

lemma ▾ [+ add more criteria](#)

[Search in document](#) [clear current search](#)

**Manuscripts matching your search**  
(1 matches found)

Manuscript  
I222p33701.SBH43.1123.Schelle.PLUS (3 matches)  
[Edit this manuscript](#)

...***tsiaers*** jaerlijks ende erfelijks tsijs die  
hem jaerlijks sculdech waren ...

...***datter*** sculdech toe was te gesciene  
metten rechte nae wet ...

# Potential uses: Linguists

- Lemmas provide handle to access words
  - E.g. to study development of the Dutch vocabulary
  - E.g. to study dialectal variation
- Tags provide handle on syntax
  - E.g. to study verb clusters
  - E.g. to study case system
  - E.g. to study cliticization
- Both allow further linguistic analysis
  - E.g. full syntactic parsing: INPOLDER

# Potential uses: Historians, ...

- Lemmas provide handle on the text
  - Especially also where it concerns names
  - Helping to find all relevant passages
  - Helping to read these passages
  - And in the future open these texts up for full NLP/IR processing

# Potential uses: The Future Other periods? Other text types?

- Adelheid also provides an architecture
- Extendable to other than 14th century Dutch
- Customizability in current version
  - By user: Additional lexicons
  - By other developers: Alternative tokenization and/or tag assignment
  - (In cooperation: Alternative tag disambiguation)

# Questions?